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|----|--|----|--|
| 1  | A full press moves the carriage to the outer left to align with Reg II. Between pos 1 and 8 a short half-press moves it one tab. | 11 | Enter multiplicand<br>It is stored in reg II. Using 18 and 19 allows multiplication with a constant. |
| 2  | Move the carriage left to align with Reg III (normal position); also used to stop division                                       | 12 | Start division after using Enter Dividend key 9 (*)  |
| 3  | Clear Reg III  | 13 | Start division if dividend is already in Reg III (*)   |
| 4  | Clear Reg I  | 14 | Start multiplication; Subtract from Reg III  |
| 5  | Back Transfer from Reg II (***) or III   | 15 | Start multiplication; Add to Reg III   |
| 6  | A single press moves the carriage to the right to align with Reg III, then step by step.   | 16 | Add (in either Reg II or III)  |
| 7  | Clear Reg II   | 17 | Subtract (in either Reg II or III)   |
| 8  | Repeat (keep content of Reg I)   | 18 | Down: Connect Reg II to memory. Upon clearing Reg II its content is moved to memory                  |
| 9  | Enter dividend (in the left part of Reg III)   | 19 | Pull down to retrieve the value from memory (Clears memory when 18 is up) (**)                       |
| 10 | Clear Reg III, then start multiplication   |    |  |

#### (\*) Division:

- Key 9 enters the Input in the left part of Reg III. Key 12 (together with 13) start the division process in the left part of Reg III.
- If only key 13 is used to start a division, the division process starts at the position corresponding with the current alignment of Reg I with Reg III.

(\*\*) **Memory:** If you want to keep the value in memory during calculations in Reg II disconnect it (18 up).

(\*\*\*) **Back Transfer:** The part copied corresponds with the 8 ... 1 indicator above the carriage.